

INDUSTRIAL FOOTWEAR - DEGRADATION CHART

"HYDROCARBONS (OILS & SOLVENTS)"	SUPERPOLY	SUREFLEX	POLYBLEND	ACIFORT	DURAPRO XCP	PUROFORT	"KETONES & ALDEHYDES"	SUPERPOLY	SUREFLEX	POLYBLEND	ACIFORT	DURAPRO XCP	PUROFORT	SALTS & ALKALIES	SUPERPOLY	SUREFLEX	POLYBLEND	ACIFORT	DURAPRO XCP	PUROFORT
ASTM #1 Oil	E	E	E	E	E	E	Acetone	P	F	P	P	F	F	Ammonium Hydroxide	E	E	E	E	E	E
ASTM #3 Oil	E	E	E	E	E	E	Acetaldehyde	P	F	P	P	F	P	Ammonium Sulfate	E	E	E	E	E	E
Benzene	P	F	P	P	F	F	Benzaldehyde	P	P	P	P	P	P	Calcium Chloride	E	E	E	E	E	E
Benzyl Chloride	P	F	P	P	F	P	Butyraldehyde	P	G	P	P	G	ND	Calcium Hypochlorite	E	E	E	E	E	G
Butane	F	F	F	F	F	G	Chloroacetone	P	P	P	P	P	ND	Potassium Hydroxide	G	G	G	G	G	E
Carbon Tetrachloride	F	F	F	F	F	ND	Formaldehyde	E	E	E	E	E	G	Copper Chloride	E	G	G	G	G	E
Castor Oil	E	E	E	E	E	E	Furfural	P	P	P	P	P	ND	Copper Sulfate	E	E	G	G	E	E
Chloroform	P	P	P	P	P	ND	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	P	F	P	P	F	F	Ferric Chloride	G	E	G	G	E	E
Coconut Oil	G	G	G	G	G	E								Potassium Dichromate	E	E	E	E	E	ND
Cottonseed Oil	G	G	G	G	G	E								Sodium Hydroxide	E	E	E	E	E	E-F
Cutting Oil	E	E	E	E	E	E														
Cyclohexane	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Gasoline (Cracked)	G	G	G	G	G	G														
Gasoline (SR)	G	G	G	G	G	G														
Grease (All Kinds)	E	E	E	E	E	E														
Hexane	G	G-E	G	G	G-E	E														
Hydraulic Oil	E	E	E	E	E	E														
Isooctane	G	E	G	G	E	E														
Kerosene (C-T)	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Kerosene (PET)	E	G	E	E	G	E														
Lard Oil (158 F)	E	E	G	G	E	E														
Linseed Oil	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Methyl Cellosolve	F	E	G	G	E	P														
Methyl Chloride	F	E	F	F	E	ND														
Methylene Chloride	P	F	P	P	F	P														
Mineral Oil	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Naphtha	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Nitrobenzene	P	P	P	P	P	P														
Olive Oil	E	G	E	E	G	E														
Perchloroethylene	F	G	F	F	G	F														
Petroleum Oil	G	E	G	G	E	E														
Petroleum Solvent	G	G	G	G	G	E														
Pine Oil	E	G	E	E	G	E														
Propane	F	E	F	F	E	G														
Toluene (Toluol)	P	F-G	P	P	F-G	F														
Trichloroethylene	F	G	F	F	G	F														
Turpentine	G	G	G	G	G	G														
Vegetable Oil	G	G	G	G	G	G														
Xylene	P	G	P	P	G	G														
Coal Tar Solvent	F	F	F	F	F	F														
Beef Tallow (158 F)	E	E	G	G	E	F														

Key to Degradation Chart:

E - Excellent

F - Fair

G - Good

P - Poor

Actual applications and conditions may vary from our laboratory testing, and therefore the information in the above chart should be used as a guide only.
Users are advised to conduct their own evaluations to determine the suitability of the footwear for each specific application.

NFPA 1991, 2016 EDITION BOOT REQUIREMENTS

NFPA - NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

To pass the applicable boot requirements for NFPA 1991, 2016 edition, boots are independently tested by ITS to verify compliance. Boots must resist permeation for 1 hour or more against each chemical in the NFPA 1991, 2016 edition battery. The battery consists of 18 chemical liquids and 6 chemical gases. The boots must also pass a flammability resistance test. Hazmax® boots have successfully passed all of these tests.

NFPA 1991, 2016 edition CHEMICAL BATTERY

Hazmax® Material [All tests concluded after 1 hour] [Average of 3 cells]

TABLE 5.3.1.2(A) TEST DATA FOR TECHNICAL DATA PACKAGE

ENSEMBLE OR ELEMENT	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT	RESULT
BASE REQUIREMENTS				
Footwear Upper Material	Flame Resistance	ASTM F1358 (Section 8.7)	Afterflame time ≤ 2 seconds	1.9
	Cut Resistance		No melting or dripping	None
	Puncture Resistance	ASTM F1342 (Section 8.16)	Blade travel distance > 20 mm at 350 grams Puncture force > 36 N	>42.5 41.0
Footwear Toe Sections	Impact Resistance	ASTM F2412 (Section 8.31)	Impact resistance ≥ 101.7 J (12.7 mm min. clearance)	22.5
	Compression Resistance	ASTM F2412 (Section 8.31)	Compression resistance ≥ 11,121 N (0.500 inch min. clearance)	0.840
Footwear Soles and Heels	Abrasion Resistance	Iso 4649 (Section 8.19)	Relative volume loss ≤ 250 mm³	215
	Slip Resistance	ASTM F2913 (Section 8.21)	Coefficient ≥ 0.40	Forward Heel- 0.63 Backward Forepart- 0.81
Footwear Puncture Resistant Device	Puncture Resistance	ASTM F2412 (Section 8.30)	No puncture	No Puncture
Footwear Soles or Ladder Shanks	Bending Resistance	Section 8.20	Deflection < 6 mm	3
OPTIONAL FLASH FIRE REQUIREMENT	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT	RESULT
Footwear Material	Heat Transfer Performance	ASTM F2700 (Section 8.18)	HTP Rating ≥ 12 cal/cm²	>30
	Flame Resistance		Afterflame time ≤ 2 seconds	1.9
			Burn distance ≤ 100 mm	15

5.3.1.2 (B) CUMULATIVE PERMEATION (G/CM2) OVER TEST PERIOD INTERVAL

The 2016 edition of NFPA 1991 uses a new test method in which the cumulative permeation mass replaced the use of breakthrough time as the basis of acceptable material performance. Cumulative permeation mass is the total amount of chemical that permeates through the material in 1 hour. In contrast, breakthrough time was defined as the elapsed time that occurs before the rate of permeation through the material is equal to 0.1 µg/cm²/min.

5.3.1.2 (B) CUMULATIVE PERMEATION (G/CM2) OVER TEST PERIOD INTERVAL

HAZMAX® 87012 PVC UPPER

TEST PERIOD INTERVAL	0-15 MIN	15-30 MIN	30-45 MIN	45-60 MIN	1 HOUR TOTAL
CHEMICAL/ REQUIREMENT	≤ 2.0	≤ 2.0	≤ 2.0	≤ 2.0	≤ 6.0
Acetone	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Acetonitrile	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Acrolein	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Acrylonitrile	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Anhydrous ammonia (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
1,3-Butadiene (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Carbon disulfide	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Chlorine (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Dichloromethane	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Diethyl amine	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Dimethyl formamide	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Dimethyl sulfate	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Ethyl acetate	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Ethylene oxide (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Hexane	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Hydrogen chloride (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Methanol	0.12	0.25	<0.10	0.15	0.62
Methyl chloride (gas)	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Nitrobenzene	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.80
Sodium hydroxide, 50% w/w	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Sulfuric acid, 96.1% w/w	0.15	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	0.45
Tetrachloroethylene	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Tetrahydrofuran	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40
Toluene	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.40

* Liquefied chemical gases are only evaluated over 15-minute exposure period.

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Caution: Do not use this footwear for fire protection. WARNING: Electric shock resistance deteriorates rapidly in a wet environment and with wear.

AVERTISSEMENT: La résistance de décharge électrique détériore rapidement dans un environnement humide et avec l'usage.